

## FEATURES

- DIP-24 Plastic Package  
31.8 x 20.3 x 10.2 mm (1.25 x 0.8 x 0.4 inches)
- Wide 2:1 Input Range
- Operating Temp. Range -25°C to +85°C
- Short Circuit Protection
- I/O-isolation 1500 VDC
- 3 Years Product Warranty



## PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The MINMAX MIW1000 series is a range of isolated 3W DC-DC converter modules featuring fully regulated output voltages and wide input voltage ranges. The product comes in a DIP-24 plastic package with standard pinout. An excellent efficiency allows an operating temperature range of -25°C to +85°C (with derating).

These DC-DC converters offer an economical solution for many cost critical applications in battery-powered equipment and instrumentation.

### Model Selection Guide

Model Number	Input Voltage (Range)	Output Voltage	Output Current		Input Current		Reflected Ripple Current	Max. capacitive Load	Efficiency (typ.)
			Max.	Min.	@Max. Load	@No Load			
			VDC	VDC	mA	mA	mA(typ.)	mA(typ.)	µF
MIW1011	5 (4.5 ~ 9)	3.3	600	60	566	40	100	4000	70
MIW1012		5	500	50	685				73
MIW1013		12	250	25	779				77
MIW1014		15	200	20	779				77
MIW1015		±5	±250	±25	694				72
MIW1016		±12	±125	±12.5	800	20	30	1000#	75
MIW1017		±15	±100	±10	800				75
MIW1021	12 (9 ~ 18)	3.3	600	60	223	20	30	4000	74
MIW1022		5	500	50	267				78
MIW1023		12	250	25	305				82
MIW1024		15	200	20	305				82
MIW1025		±5	±250	±25	271				77
MIW1026		±12	±125	±12.5	313	5	15	1000#	80
MIW1027		±15	±100	±10	313				80
MIW1031	24 (18 ~ 36)	3.3	600	60	109	20	30	4000	76
MIW1032		5	500	50	132				79
MIW1033		12	250	25	149				84
MIW1034		15	200	20	149				84
MIW1035		±5	±250	±25	132				79
MIW1036		±12	±125	±12.5	152	5	15	1000#	82
MIW1037		±15	±100	±10	152				82
MIW1041	48 (36 ~ 75)	3.3	600	60	55	20	30	4000	76
MIW1042		5	500	50	66				79
MIW1043		12	250	25	75				84
MIW1044		15	200	20	75				84
MIW1045		±5	±250	±25	65				80
MIW1046		±12	±125	±12.5	75	5	15	1000#	84
MIW1047		±15	±100	±10	75				84

# For each output



MIW1000 SERIES

DC-DC CONVERTER 2-3W, DIP-Package

**Input Specifications**

Parameter	Model	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input Surge Voltage (1 sec. max.)	5V Input Models	-0.7	---	11	VDC
	12V Input Models	-0.7	---	25	
	24V Input Models	-0.7	---	50	
	48V Input Models	-0.7	---	100	
Start-Up Threshold Voltage	5V Input Models	3.5	4	4.5	
	12V Input Models	4.5	7	9	
	24V Input Models	8	12	18	
	48V Input Models	16	24	36	
Under Voltage Shutdown	5V Input Models	---	3.5	4	
	12V Input Models	---	6.5	8.5	
	24V Input Models	---	11	17	
	48V Input Models	---	22	34	
Internal Filter Type	Pi Filter				
Short Circuit Input Power	All Models	---	1000	2000	mW
Internal Power Dissipation		---	---	2500	mW

**Output Specifications**

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage Setting Accuracy	At 50% Load and Nominal Vin	---	---	±1.0	%Vom.
Output Voltage Balance	Dual Output, Balanced Loads	---	±0.5	±2.0	%
Line Regulation	Vin=Min. to Max.	---	±0.2	±0.5	%
Load Regulation	Io=10% to 100%	---	±0.2	±0.5	%
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)		---	45	60	mV <sub>P-P</sub>
Transient Recovery Time	50% Load Step Change	---	300	500	μsec
Transient Response Deviation		---	±3	±5	%
Temperature Coefficient		---	±0.01	±0.02	%/°C
Over Load Protection	Foldback	120	---	---	%
Short Circuit Protection		Continuous			

**General Specifications**

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I/O Isolation Voltage (rated)	60 Seconds	1500	---	---	VDC
I/O Isolation Resistance	500 VDC	1000	---	---	MΩ
I/O Isolation Capacitance	100kHz, 1V	---	65	100	pF
Switching Frequency		---	300	---	kHz
MTBF (calculated)	MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C, Ground Benign	1,000,000	---	---	Hours
Safety Approvals	UL/cUL 60950-1 recognition(UL certificate), IEC/EN 60950-1				

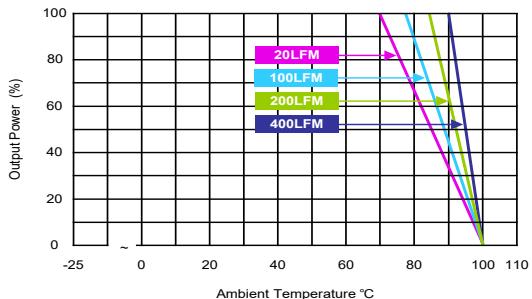
**Input Fuse**

5V Input Models	12V Input Models	24V Input Models	48V Input Models
1500mA Slow-Blow Type	700mA Slow-Blow Type	350mA Slow-Blow Type	135mA Slow-Blow Type

**Environmental Specifications**

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Ambient Temperature Range (See Power Derating Curve)		-25	+85	°C
Case Temperature		---	+100	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-50	+125	°C
Humidity (non condensing)		---	95	% rel. H
Cooling	Free-Air convection			
Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10Sec.)		---	260	°C

### Power Derating Curve



### Notes

- 1 Specifications typical at  $T_a=+25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- 2 Transient recovery time is measured to within 1% error band for a step change in output load of 50% to 100%
- 3 Ripple & Noise measurement bandwidth is 0-20MHz.
- 4 These power converters require a minimum output loading to maintain specified regulation, operation under no-load conditions will not damage these modules; however they may not meet all specifications listed.
- 5 All DC-DC converters should be externally fused at the front end for protection.
- 6 Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact MINMAX.
- 7 Specifications subject to change without notice.

### Package Specifications

Mechanical Dimensions			Pin Connections		
Pin	Single Output	Dual Output	Pin	Single Output	Dual Output
2	-Vin	-Vin	9	No Pin	Common
3	-Vin	-Vin	11	NC	-Vout
14	+Vout	+Vout	16	-Vout	Common
22	+Vin	+Vin	23	+Vin	+Vin

Bottom View

NC: No Connection

► All dimensions in mm (inches)  
► Tolerance:  $X.X \pm 0.25$  ( $X.XX \pm 0.01$ )  
 $X.XX \pm 0.13$  ( $X.XXX \pm 0.005$ )  
► Pin diameter  $\varnothing 0.5 \pm 0.05$  ( $0.02 \pm 0.002$ )

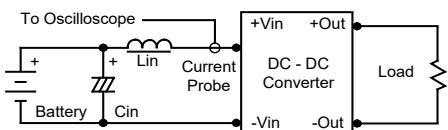
### Physical Characteristics

Case Size	: 31.8x20.3x10.2mm (1.25x0.80x0.40 inches)
Case Material	: Plastic resin (flammability to UL 94V-0 rated)
Pin Material	: Copper-Clad Steel
Weight	: 12.4g

## Test Setup

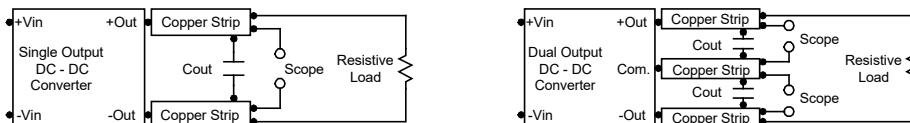
### Input Reflected-Ripple Current Test Setup

Input reflected-ripple current is measured with a inductor Lin (4.7 $\mu$ H) and Cin (220 $\mu$ F, ESR < 1.0 $\Omega$  at 100 kHz) to simulate source impedance. Capacitor Cin, offsets possible battery impedance. Current ripple is measured at the input terminals of the module, measurement bandwidth is 0-500 kHz.



### Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a Cout 0.47 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC-DC Converter.



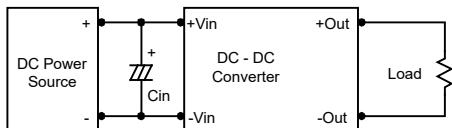
## Technical Notes

### Overcurrent Protection

To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting for an unlimited duration. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit shifts from voltage control to current control. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range.

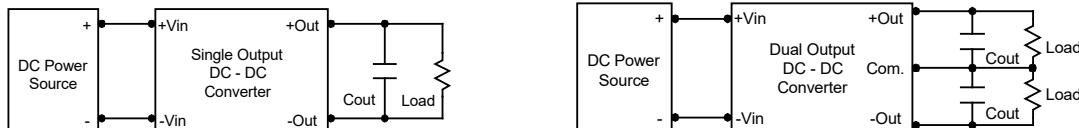
### Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup. Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is recommended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR < 1.0 $\Omega$  at 100 kHz) capacitor of a 8.2 $\mu$ F for the 5V input devices, a 3.3 $\mu$ F for the 12V input devices and a 1.5 $\mu$ F for the 24V and 48V devices.



### Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use 3.3 $\mu$ F capacitors at the output.



### Maximum Capacitive Load

The MIW1000 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output. The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. For optimum performance we recommend 1000 $\mu$ F maximum capacitive load for dual outputs and 4000 $\mu$ F capacitive load for single outputs. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

### Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below 100°C.

The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.

